



The Chronicle and Directory for 1869

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STUDENTS' HIGH ASSISTANT.

By Dr. EDWARD, with many Additions, Corr.

Horn, and Dr. WILLIAMS' Orthography.

PRICE, Two Paper Wrappers, \$1.50

NOTICE.—At the Daily Press Office.

COPY.—At the Daily Press Office.

The delivery of this "Daily Press" from the office continues at 10 A.M., and the last passengers left the office at 10 A.M.

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, July 21st, 1869.

Flying rumours have for some time been going round to the effect that a reception would not be accorded to the Duke of Edinburgh at Pekin. The statements have been of various kinds; and that most generally accepted seems to be that the Prince of Kuro has definitely refused to receive the Duke. This version of the matter, however, though it is the one most widely credited by the Chinese, there is good reason to believe to be erroneous; as, there is authority for stating that it is contemplated to demand that the Prince shall be received by the Emperor. It would seem more probable that this is the true version of the affair, when it is remembered that the Prince of Kuro has received a vast number of people both official and non-official, and is hardly, likely, for example, to refuse the same courtesy to Prince ALFRED as is accorded to Sir RICHARD ALLEN. What probably, therefore, has taken place is, that the Son of Heaven has refused to see the Son of the Queen of England—a step quite natural and quite in accordance with recognised precedent, when looked at from a Chinese point of view. It is doubtful, however, whether it will be regarded in the same light by the European Powers, who, after receiving the Chinese Ambassador, are surely entitled to the courtesy on the part of the Chinese. When the idea of the Duke of Edinburgh's going to Pekin was announced, an opinion was expressed that this paper was probably, the step was a mistake, as making too much importance of the Chinese in comparison to European nations. It is not impossible, however, that the step may not have been so ill advised as it appeared, and that the reception of the Chinese Ambassador, and the sending of Prince ALFRED to Pekin were a diplomatic step, designed, once for all, to settle the question of equality of non-equality between China and the other powers of the world—between the Chinese and the European Powers, that is to say, that the European Powers, in their desire to claim to be considered equal to the Chinese, Events must prove which side is correct.

A notorious revolt has been made in one of the sentences passed at the Police Court. A man was sent to prison for eighteen months for picking a pocket, but it was subsequently discovered that there was no evidence that the pocket had been picked, but only that an accomplice had apparently been made to do so. Twelve months out of eighteen of the sentence were accordingly remitted, so that the man was only sentenced to six months, and was accordingly released.

The following paragraph alluding to the Rev. Mr. YATES, pamphlet on American War, and its effects, appears in the Evening Bulletin:

**THE COSTNESS OF IDOLATRY.**—Many persons call at the churches of the Chinese and other non-Chinese nationalities to be far more expensive. A missionary in China thinks it costs to collect statistics as to the cost of idolatry, and says in his report, "In Shantung, about \$100,000 are expended annually to appease the gods of the dead. As there are 1,620 districts in the province, some spending more than others, we estimate the amount to be nearly \$100,000 spent for the dead." In the same manner it is estimated that \$237,520,000 are expended annually for the worship of the dead in each family for the worship of its ancestors, \$10 to each family, and with \$90,000,000 \$1,000,000, or a total sum of \$327,520,000, and the amount in still greater than is given to all Christian objects in this country.

The writer quotes the difference between the Chinese and the Christians of China and the United States. Taking the population of China as over 400,000,000, \$120,000,000, after all, only represents about a quarter of a dollar per annum a man—tolerably cheap on the average for all the luxuries of fung-shui, Sungs, and other Joss arrangements.

Mr. MITCHELL, Bostonian, general, may be expected back from his tour of inspection about the 1st proximo.

## POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

Before J. H. FISCHER, Esq.

Wong-a-ke, a small boy, employed as an apprentice to a tailor named Wong-a-ke, living in Squatong, was sent to him with a note, and a mother with a silk jacket to get sewn. On his way he was met by one Lee-ke-ay, formerly employed in the factory, who had never returned since the factory was taken up, and who was evidently the author of the note. He recovered the silk jacket and entreated the tailor to let him have it again. His master replied that Mr. CAREY had sent him a check for two months, and that he had no money to pay him. The boy then went to the police, and was arrested for debt.

William Henry and Fung-wong Shek—These were two actions for the recovery of \$96 and \$41.60 respectively for wages. The former was brought by the plaintiff, a boy, on board the American ship *Gluck*, of which defendant is master. The plaintiffs were awarded their sum in New York, but the defendant stated

that on the arrival of the vessel in this port, they both deserted from the ship. They had been ordered to go on board the ship by the American Consul, and had been given a day to return to the ship, but had not done so. Both were entirely incompetent to do the work of cook or steward, and defendant had informed them that they would both be dismissed, and sent in the course of a week to the Chinese. He accordingly very reluctantly demanded full payment, as he knew that, if he did not, they could not claim any wages until the voyage had been completed.

His Honor said that the plaintiff was a very simple person, who had no means to earn his living, and that the Chinese, who as extending to matters of great policy in China, the meeting was ultimately adjourned.

Mr. H. H. FISCHER, the attorney for C. G. Davis, said that the plaintiff was being a Mussulman, thought there was too much work flying about, and accordingly refused to accept the offer.

The court adjourned the suit, and the plaintiff was soon reported to him as deserters, and that he had caused warrants to be issued for their apprehension, which were now in the hands of the police.

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COMPAGNIE DES SERVICES  
MARITIMES DES MESSAGERIES  
IMPÉRIALES.

THE Company's Steamer:

"PHASE"  
Capt. Huwei, will have quick dispatch for

SHANGHAI shortly after the arrival of the next French Mail.

C. BERTRAND,  
Principal Agent.

11381 Hongkong, 17th July, 1889.

COMPAGNIE DES SERVICES  
MARITIMES DES MESSAGERIES  
IMPÉRIALES.

THE Company's steamer:

"DIPLEX,"  
Captain Huwei, will be dispatched for

TOKIO (direct).

shortly after the arrival of the next French Mail.

C. BERTRAND,  
Principal Agent.

11381 Hongkong, 17th July, 1889.

FOR MANILA:

"FUNG-SHUEY,"  
will be dispatched about

the 22nd instant, for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

11386 Hongkong, 17th July, 1889.

FOR SINGAPORE AND BOMBAY:

H. H. REEDS,

11381 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

FOR SHAPESBURY:

Alfred, Commander, will have quick dispatch

as above.

For Freight or Passage apply to

JAMES R. PEARLBY

11381 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

FOR SAIGON:

W. H. LAMBERT & Co.

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FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

THE British ship:

"NORTH STAR,"

will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

11386 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

FOR LONDON:

"SCAUFELL."

Thomas, Master, will load at Whampoa for the above port at current rates, and having part of her cargo engaged will meet with quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 15th July, 1889.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY:

Capt. McKown, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have immediate dispatch for the above ports.

For Freight or Passage apply to

ROZARIO & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 15th July, 1889.

FOR NEW YORK:

THE 1 American Clipper ship:

"GAGE COOK,"

B. D. Sherburne, Master, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will load here and have immediate dispatch for the above port.

For Freight, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 10th July, 1889.

FOR THE AMERICAN CLIPPER:

"EXQUISITE,"

Capt. French, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will load at this port and have immediate dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

JOSEPH & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 15th July, 1889.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

THE Ship:

"SARAH MARCH,"

Capt. Morton, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight or Passage apply to

ROBERTSON & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

FOR SYDNEY:

G. H. Baldwin, will have quick dispatch for the above port.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

O. S. CO.'S FIRE INSURANCE.

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I require by shipper, at the time of making freight arrangements, certificates of insurance, against the Risk or Risks, and first class English Companies, for the value of the goods under contract, for the following rates:

4½ per cent, Shanghai and Foochow to London.

5 per cent, Hankow to London.

No. 1, including average and cost of stamp.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

11381 Hongkong, 17th April, 1889.

FOR FREIGHT OF CHARTER.

THE Spanish Brig:

"RODRIGO,"

of 4,500 metric capacity, apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 16th July, 1889.

FOR THE CHINESE CANTON TRADE.

"WING-CHUAN,"

Agent of WING-CHUAN Shop here to inform the public that his shop has been established since 1855, at "Euclid's Lane," and that he has a large quantity of Real Estate, Rice, Tea, and other Merchandise, also STORAGES can be had at moderate prices.

For particulars, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.

11381 Hongkong, 21st March, 1889.

FOR THE CHINESE CANTON TRADE.

"WING-CHUAN,"

Shop here to inform the public that his shop has been established since 1855, at "Euclid's Lane," and that he has a large quantity of Real Estate, Rice, Tea, and other Merchandise, also STORAGES can be had at moderate prices.

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11381 Hongkong, 21st March, 1889.

## Houses, Lands, Tenements, &amp;c.

## TO LET.

(With immediate possession.)

THE upper and lower part of the HOUSE on Pedder's Hill, containing 10 rooms, 2 stables, 2 water closets, &c.

11381 Hongkong, 17th July, 1889.

HOUSES in Mount Vernon (Caine Road), newly painted and through repair Water laid on. Apply to JOHN GERRARD.

11381 Hongkong, 5th July, 1889.

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THE HOUSE, No. 43, Wyndham Street (possession from the 1st of August next).

The HOUSE, corner of Elgin and Staunton Streets, from 1st of July.

A STABLE and GATES HOUSE, in Caine Road.

The front part of the PREMISES, No. 1, Wyndham Street, Verandah, &c.

Agents' OFFICE, 11381 Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

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